



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

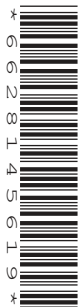
CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/23

Paper 2

October/November 2017

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **both** questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **14** printed pages and **2** blank pages.

1 (a) (i) State what is meant by *rural to urban migration*.

.....
[1]

(ii) Migration occurs because of push and pull factors. Some push and pull factors are given in the list.

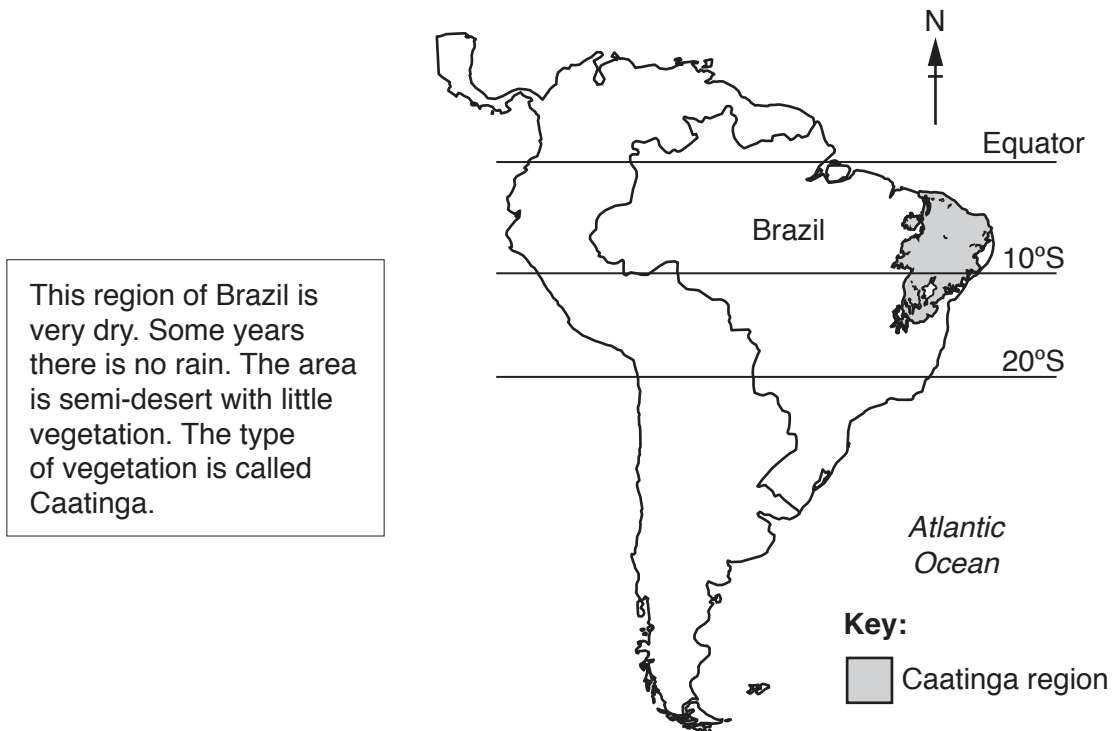
- jobs in industry
- few doctors
- lack of schools
- better paid jobs

Write the factors in the correct place in the table.

push factors	pull factors

[2]

(b) The following information is about the Caatinga region in Brazil.



(i) Describe the location of the Caatinga region in Brazil.

.....

[2]

(ii) Use the information to suggest reasons why farmers are leaving the Caatinga region of Brazil.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

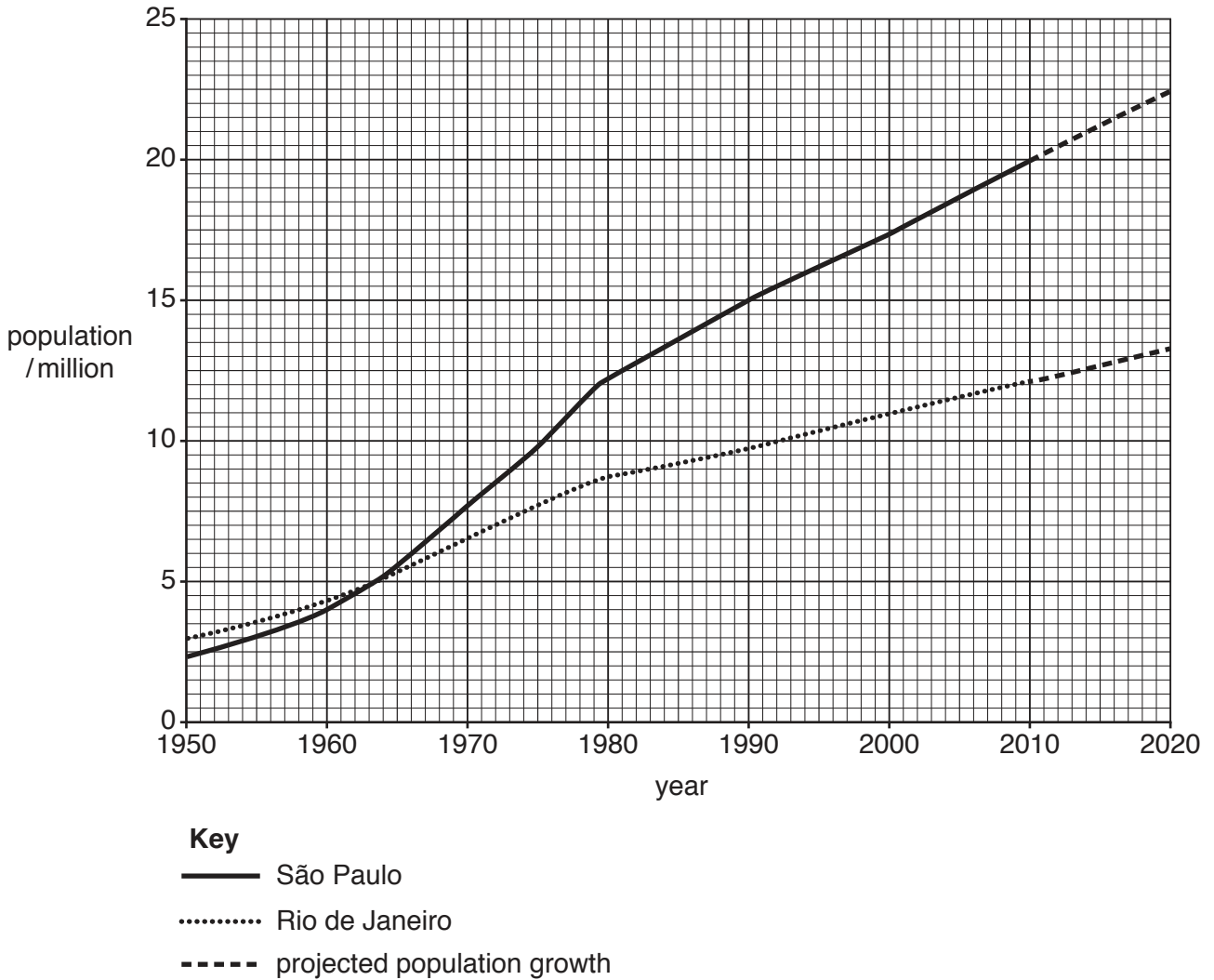
(iii) The photograph shows Caatinga vegetation.



Describe the vegetation shown in the photograph.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

(c) Many people are moving from the north east of Brazil to cities such as São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro. The graph shows urban populations in these two cities.



(i) State the year in which the two cities had the same population.

.....[1]

(ii) State the population of São Paulo in 2010.

.....[1]

(iii) Calculate the difference between the predicted populations of Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo in 2020.

Show your working.

.....[2]

(iv) Explain **one** reason, other than migration, why the population of these cities is increasing.

.....

.....

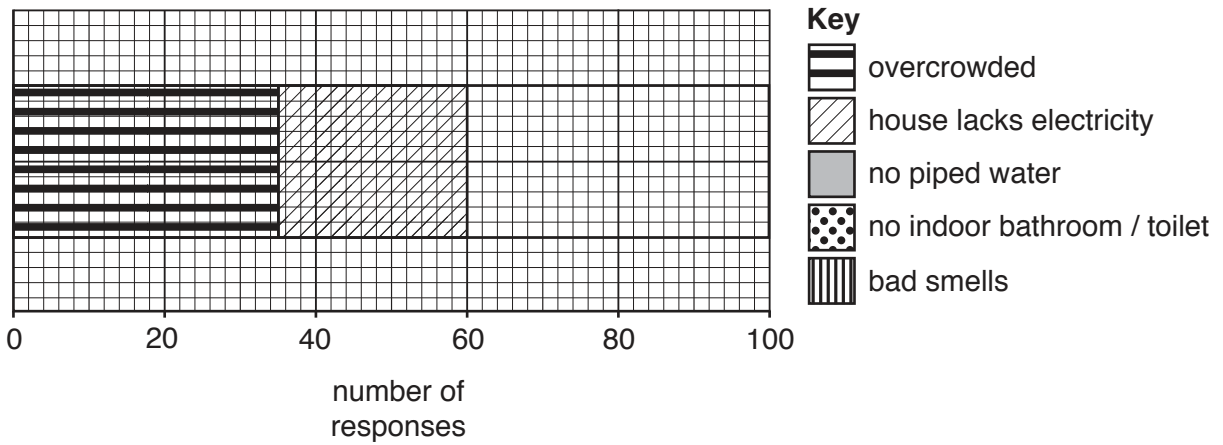
.....

.....[2]

(d) Many people arriving in São Paulo live in areas of poor housing. The table shows the results of a survey to find the views of people living in these areas. The survey asked 100 people to name their worst housing problem.

housing problem	number of responses
overcrowded	35
house lacks electricity	25
no piped water	15
no indoor bathroom / toilet	15
bad smells	10

(i) Use this information to complete the divided bar graph.



[3]

(b) The information is about regions with a cool temperate interior climate.

Winters are long and cold. There are strong winds and frequent snow falls. Summers are short. The vegetation that grows is coniferous forest or taiga. The vegetation has adapted to the climate.

(i) Complete the table to explain how the trees are adapted for survival in this type of climate.

adaptation	explanation
needle shaped leaves	
thick bark	
downward sloping branches	

[3]

(ii) Suggest why it takes a long time for the leaves on the forest floor to decompose in this climate.

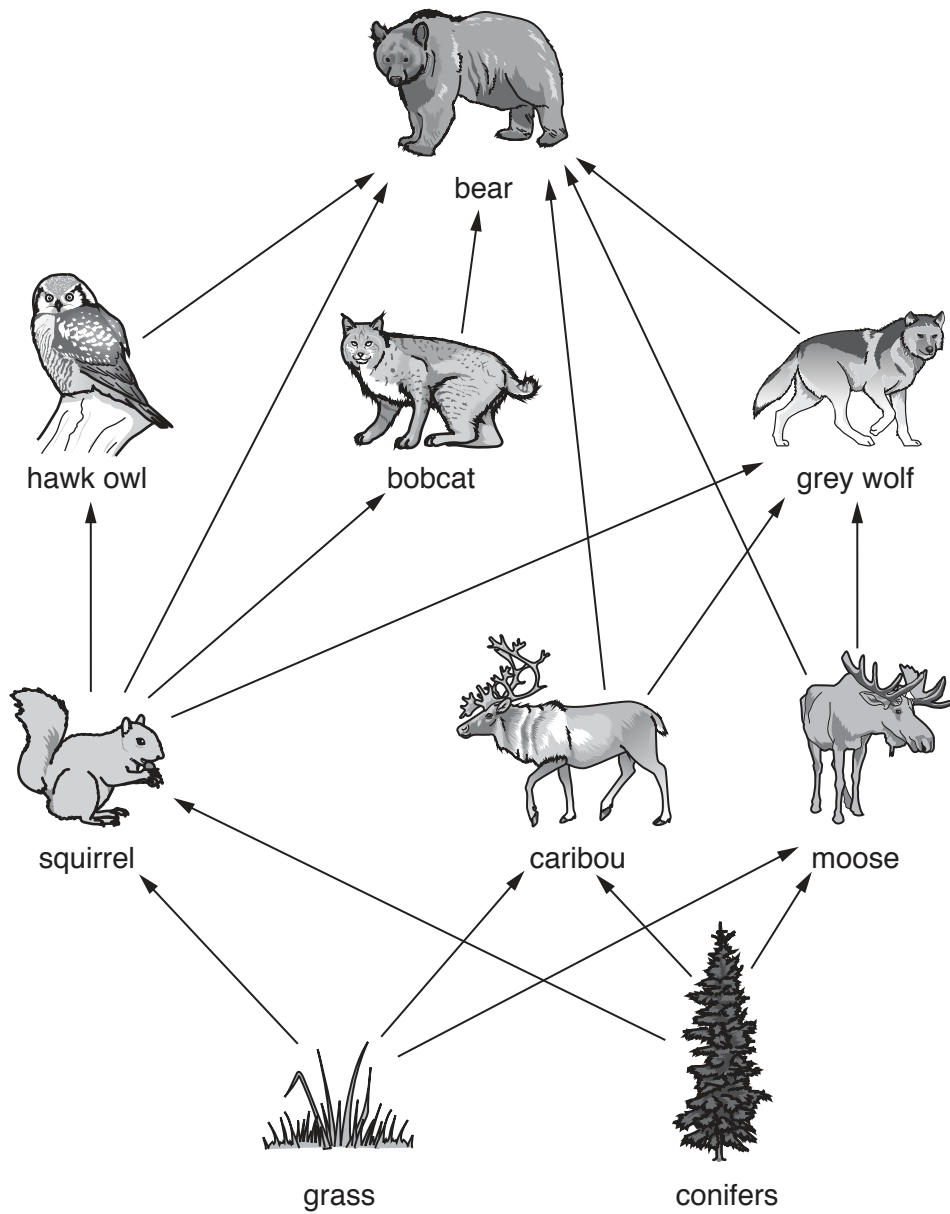
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.....[2]

(c) The diagram shows a food web in the taiga.



(i) State a producer shown in the diagram.

.....[1]

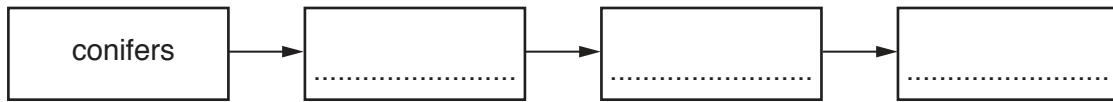
(ii) State an animal, shown in the diagram, that eats squirrels.

.....[1]

(iii) State the top consumer shown in this food web.

.....[1]

(iv) Use the food web diagram to complete a simple food chain in the boxes.



[3]

(v) Suggest what would happen to the food web if the population of squirrels decreased.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....[3]

(vi) Suggest **two** environmental factors that could have caused the population of squirrels to decrease.

1

2

.....[2]

(d) (i) Another type of forest is the monsoon forest.

Suggest why monsoon forests shed their leaves in the dry season.

.....
.....[1]

(ii) Trees in the monsoon forest have a long, narrow extension at the tip of their leaves. This is called a drip-tip.

Explain why the leaves have a drip-tip.

.....
.....
.....
.....[2]

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